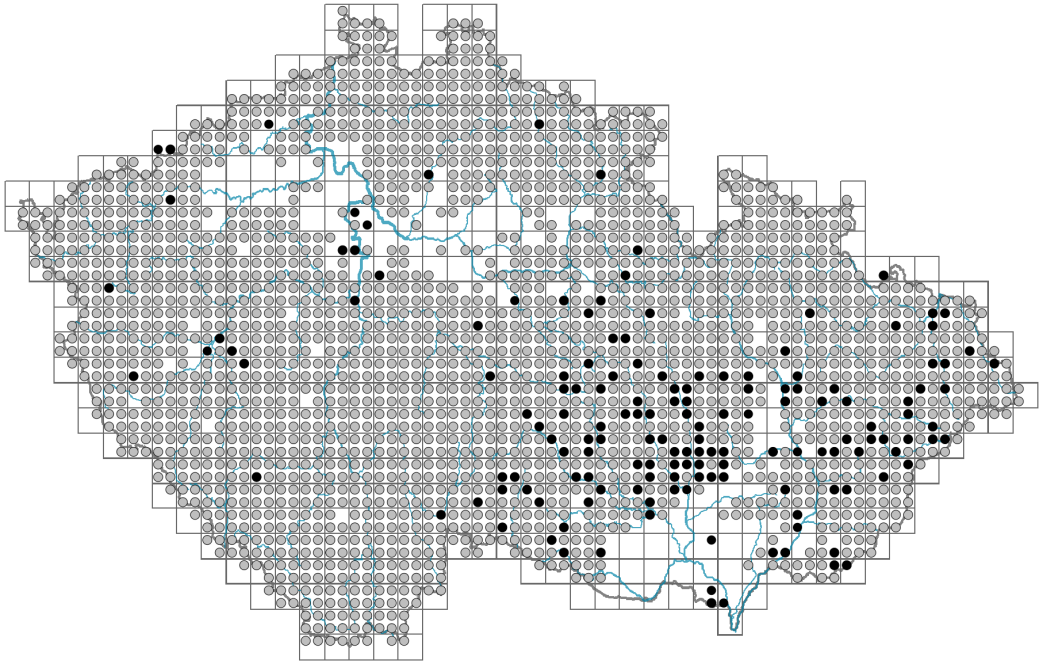
Oxalis acetosella

Distribution





Map info

revised records

unrevised records

On the map are not visualized records without the coordinates and records marked as incorrect or doubtful.









Habitus and growth type

Height [m]: **0.05–0.12**
Growth form: **clonal herb**
Life form: **geophyte (hemicryptophyte)**
Life strategy: **CSR – competitor/stress-tolerator/ruderal**
Life strategy (Pierce method based on leaf traits): **R/CR**
Life strategy (Pierce method, C-score): **22.3 %**
Life strategy (Pierce method, S-score): **0 %**
Life strategy (Pierce method, R-score): **77.7 %**

Leaf

Leaf presence and metamorphosis: **leaves present, not modified**
Leaf arrangement (phyllotaxis): **rosulate**
Leaf shape: **compound – ternate**
Stipules: **absent**
Petiole: **present**
Leaf life span: **evergreen**
Leaf anatomy: **hygromorphic**

Flower

Flowering period [month]: **April–May**

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Flowering phase: **3 Prunus avium-Ranunculus auricomus (end of early spring)**
Flower colour: **white**
Flower symmetry: **actinomorphic**
Perianth type: **calyx and corolla**
Perianth fusion: **free, fused**
Shape of the sympetalous corolla or syntepalous perianth: **funnel-shaped**
Calyx fusion: **aposepalous**
Inflorescence type: **flores solitarii**
Dicliny: **synoecious**
Generative reproduction type: **mixed mating**
Pollination syndrome: **insect-pollination, selfing, cleistogamy**



Fruit, seed and dispersal

Fruit type: **dry fruit – capsule**
Fruit colour: **brown**
Reproduction type: **by seed/spores and vegetatively**
Dispersal unit (diaspore): **seed**
Dispersal strategy: **Allium (mainly autochory)**
Myrmecochory: **probably myrmecochorous**



Belowground organs and clonality

Shoot metamorphosis: **stolon, rhizome, turion**
Storage organ: **stolon, rhizome, turion**
Type of clonal growth organ: **epigeogenous rhizome**
Freely dispersible organs of clonal growth: **absent**
Shoot life span (cyclicity): **monocyclic shoots prevailing**
Branching type of stem-derived organs of clonal growth: **monopodial**
Primary root: **absent**
Persistence of the clonal growth organ [year]: **2.7**
Number of clonal offspring: **4.8**
Lateral spreading distance by clonal growth [m]: **0.11**
Clonal index: **5**





Bud bank

Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds excluded): **12**
Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0–10 cm (root buds excluded): **15**
Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds excluded): **0**
Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded): **27**
Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds exluded) [cm]: **3**
Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds included): **12**
Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0–10 cm (root buds included): **15**
Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds included): **0**
Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds included): **27**
Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds included) [cm]: **3**



Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotrophic**

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Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**
Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**



Karyology

Chromosome number (2n): **22**
Ploidy level (x): **2**
2C genome size [Mbp]: **4806.14**
1Cx monoploid genome size [Mbp]: **2403.07**
Genomic GC content: **40.3 %**

Taxon origin

Origin in the Czech Republic: **native**



Ecological indicator values

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **2 – transition between values 1 and 3**
Temperature indicator value: **5x – moderate heat indicator, occurring from lowland to montane belt, mainly in submontane-temperate areas (generalist)**
Moisture indicator value: **6 – transition between values 5 and 7**
Reaction indicator value: **4 – transition between values 3 and 5**
Nutrient indicator value: **6 – transition between values 5 and 7**
Salinity indicator value: **0 – not salt tolerant, glycophyte**



Indicator values for disturbance

Whole-community disturbance frequency indicator value: **-1.91**
Herb layer disturbance frequency indicator value: **-0.71**
Whole-community disturbance severity indicator value: **0.28**
Herb layer disturbance severity indicator value: **0.13**
Whole-community structure based disturbance indicator value: **0.13**
Herb layer structure-based disturbance indicator value: **0.2**



Habitat and sociology

Occurrence in habitats

1 Vegetation of cliffs, screes and walls

1A Calcareous cliffs: **1 – rare occurrence**
1B Siliceous cliffs and block fields: **1 – rare occurrence**
1D Mobile calcareous screes: **1 – rare occurrence**

2 Alpine and subalpine grasslands

2B Subalpine tall-forb and tall-grass vegetation: **2 – optimum**

4 Wetland and riverine herbaceous vegetation

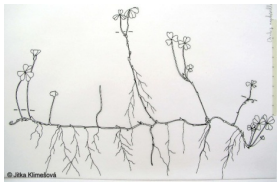
4D Riverine reed vegetation: **1 – rare occurrence**
4I Vegetation of nitrophilous annual hygrophilous herbs: **1 – rare occurrence**
4J River gravel banks: **1 – rare occurrence**
4K Petasites fringes of montane brooks: **1 – rare occurrence**

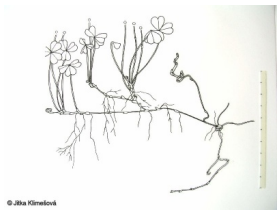
5 Vegetation of springs and mires

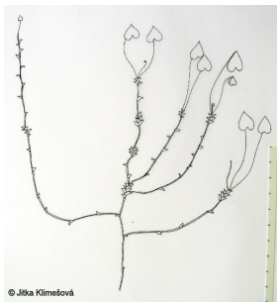


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5A Hard-water springs with tufa formation: **2 – optimum**
5B Lowland to montane soft-water springs: **2 – optimum**
5C Alpine and subalpine soft-water springs: **1 – rare occurrence**

6 Meadows and mesic pastures

6A Mesic Arrhenatherum meadows: **1 – rare occurrence**
6B Montane mesic meadows: **1 – rare occurrence**
6G Vegetation of wet disturbed soils: **1 – rare occurrence**

7 Acidophilous grasslands

7A Subalpine and montane acidophilous grasslands: **1 – rare occurrence**
7B Submontane Nardus grasslands: **1 – rare occurrence**

8 Dry grasslands

8B Submediterranean dry grasslands on rock outcrops: **1 – rare occurrence**
8F Thermophilous forest fringe vegetation: **1 – rare occurrence**

11 Heathlands and scrub

11A Dry lowland to subalpine heathlands: **1 – rare occurrence**
11D Subalpine acidophilous Pinus mugo scrub: **1 – rare occurrence**
11H Subalpine deciduous scrub: **2 – optimum**
11J Willow galleries of loamy and sandy river banks: **1 – rare occurrence**
11L Tall mesic and xeric shrub: **1 – rare occurrence**
11R Scrub and pioneer woodland of forests clearings: **2 – optimum**

12 Forests

12A Alder carrs: **2 – optimum**
12B Alluvial forests: **2 – optimum**
12C Oak-hornbeam forests: **2 – optimum**
12D Ravine forests: **2 – optimum**
12E Herb-rich beech forests: **2 – optimum**
12F Limestone beech forests: **2 – optimum**
12G Acidophilous beech forests: **2 – optimum**
12K Acidophilous oak forests: **1 – rare occurrence**
12L Boreo-continental pine forests: **1 – rare occurrence**
12P Peatland pine forests: **1 – rare occurrence**
12Q Peatland birch forests: **1 – rare occurrence**
12R Acidophilous spruce forests: **2 – optimum**
12S Basiphilous spruce forests: **2 – optimum**
12T Robinia pseudacacia plantations: **1 – rare occurrence**
12U Plantations of broad-leaved non-native trees: **1 – rare occurrence**
12V Spruce plantations: **2 – optimum**
12W Pine and larch plantations: **1 – rare occurrence**

13 Anthropogenic vegetation

13E Perennial nitrophilous herbaceous vegetation of mesic sites: **1 – rare occurrence**
13F Herbaceous vegetation of forests clearings and Rubus scrub: **2 – optimum**

Affinity to the forest environment

Affinity to the forest environment in Thermophyticum: **1.1 – taxon occurring mainly in the closed forest**
Affinity to the forest environment in Mesophyticum and Oreophyticum: **1.1 – taxon occurring mainly in the closed forest**

Diagnostic taxon

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Diagnostic taxon of classes: **LB *Carpino-Fagetea***

Diagnostic taxon of alliances: **LBC *Fagion sylvaticae***, **LBE *Luzulo-Fagion sylvaticae***

Diagnostic taxon of associations: **LBC02 *Mercuriali perennis-Fagetum sylvaticae***, **LBC04 *Athyrio distentifolii-Fagetum sylvaticae***, **LBC05 *Galio rotundifolii-Abietetum albae***, **LBE02 *Calamagrostio villosae-Fagetum sylvaticae***, **LBE03 *Luzulo-Abietetum albae***, **LFC02 *Athyrio distentifolii-Piceetum abietis***, **XEA07 *Gymnocarpio dryopteridis-Athyrietum filicis-feminae***

Constant taxon

Constant taxon of classes: **LB *Carpino-Fagetea***

Constant taxon of alliances: **ADE *Dryopterido filicis-maris-Athyrion distentifolii***, **LBA *Alnion incanae***, **LBC *Fagion sylvaticae***, **LBE *Luzulo-Fagion sylvaticae***, **LBF *Tilio platyphylli-Acerion***, **LFC *Piceion abietis***, **RAA *Caricion remotae***

Constant taxon of associations: **ADD02 *Salicetum lapponum***, **ADD05 *Chaerophyllo hirsuti-Cicerbitetum alpinae***, **ADE01 *Daphno mezerei-Dryopteridetum filicis-maris***, **ADE02 *Adenostylo alliariae-Athyrietum distentifolii***, **KBC04 *Senecioni fuchsii-Coryletum avellanae***, **KBC06 *Piceo abietis-Sorbetum aucupariae***, **KCA02 *Adenostylo alliariae-Pinetum mugo***, **LBA01 *Alnetum incanae***, **LBA02 *Piceo abietis-Alnetum glutinosae***, **LBA03 *Carici remotae-Fraxinetum excelsioris***, **LBA04 *Stellario nemorum-Alnetum glutinosae***, **LBB02 *Stellario holosteae-Carpinetum betuli***, **LBC01 *Galio odorati-Fagetum sylvaticae***, **LBC02 *Mercuriali perennis-Fagetum sylvaticae***, **LBC03 *Carici pilosae-Fagetum sylvaticae***, **LBC04 *Athyrio distentifolii-Fagetum sylvaticae***, **LBC05 *Galio rotundifolii-Abietetum albae***, **LBE01 *Luzulo luzuloidis-Fagetum sylvaticae***, **LBE02 *Calamagrostio villosae-Fagetum sylvaticae***, **LBE03 *Luzulo-Abietetum albae***, **LBE04 *Vaccinio myrtilli-Abietetum albae***, **LBF02 *Mercuriali perennis-Fraxinetum excelsioris***, **LBF03 *Arunco dioici-Aceretum pseudoplatani***, **LFC01 *Calamagrostio villosae-Piceetum abietis***, **LFC02 *Athyrio distentifolii-Piceetum abietis***, **LFC03 *Equiseto sylvatici-Piceetum abietis***, **RAA01 *Caricetum remotae***, **RAA02 *Cardamino-Chrysosplenietum alternifolii***, **XDC01 *Stachyo sylvaticae-Impatientetum noli-tangere***, **XEA03 *Rubo idaei-Calamagrostietum arundinaceae***, **XEA05 *Digitali-Senecionetum ovati***, **XEA07 *Gymnocarpio dryopteridis-Athyrietum filicis-feminae***

Dominant taxon

Dominant taxon of associations: **LBA02 *Piceo abietis-Alnetum glutinosae***, **LBA03 *Carici remotae-Fraxinetum excelsioris***, **LBC01 *Galio odorati-Fagetum sylvaticae***, **LBC02 *Mercuriali perennis-Fagetum sylvaticae***, **LBC04 *Athyrio distentifolii-Fagetum sylvaticae***, **LBC05 *Galio rotundifolii-Abietetum albae***, **LBE03 *Luzulo-Abietetum albae***, **LBF02 *Mercuriali perennis-Fraxinetum excelsioris***, **LFC02 *Athyrio distentifolii-Piceetum abietis***, **XEA03 *Rubo idaei-Calamagrostietum arundinaceae***

Ecological specialization indices

Ecological specialization index for all vegetation types: **4.8**

Ecological specialization index for non-forest vegetation: **4.1**

Ecological specialization index for forest vegetation: **5**

Colonization ability

Index of colonization success (ICS): **5**

Index of colonization potential (ICP): **2**

Optimum successional age [years]: **7**

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Distribution and frequency

Floristic zone: **boreal, northern temperate, southern temperate, submeridional, meridional**
Floristic region: **Europe, Asia**
Distribution range extension along the continentality gradient: **6**
Elevational belt in the Czech Republic: **colline belt, submontane belt, montane belt, subalpine belt**
Occurrence frequency in the basic grid mapping cells and quadrants of the basic grid mapping cells: 646
taxon.data.freq_in_quad: 2237

Commonness in vegetation plots from the Czech Republic

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots: **7.8 %**
Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 5%: **31.1 %**
Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 25%: **8.4 %**
Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 50%: **1 %**
Mean percentage cover in vegetation plots: **8 %**
Maximum percentage cover in vegetation plots: **63 %**

Number of habitats with taxon occurrence in the Czech Republic

Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon occurs: **43**
Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **16**
Number of broad habitats in which the taxon occurs: **10**
Number of broad habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **5**

Threats and protection

Red List 2017 (national categories): **taxon is not on the Red List**
Red List 2017 (IUCN categories): **LC(NA) – least concern (taxon is not on the Red List)**
Legal protection: **not protected by law**

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